FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Farmersville Independent School District	Collin	043-904
Name of School District	County	CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attach	ed auditor's report of the above	ve named school district was
reviewed andapproved/	disapproved for the year ende	ed June 30, 2024, at a meeting
of the board of school trustees of such school	ol district on <u>October</u>	<u> 28,2024.</u>
		,
Del Po		
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of Board	President

If the auditor's report was checked above as disapproved, the reasons(s) therefore is/are (attach list if necessary):

FINANCIAL SECTION

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

3500 Joe Ramsey Blvd. Greenville, Texas 75401 (903) 455-6252 Fax (903) 455-6667

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board Farmersville Independent School District

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Farmersville Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Farmersville Independent School District as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures including examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate
 in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal
 control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates
 made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial
 doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charges with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and schedules related to pension and other post-employment benefit activities be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Independent Auditor's Report – Continued

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the other information section of exhibits presented in the table of contents but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Rutherford, Taylor & Congang PL

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 20, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

October 20, 2024 Greenville, Texas

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board Farmersville Independent School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Farmersville Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 20, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Report on Internal Control - Continued

Rutherford, Taylor & Congang PL

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 20, 2024 Greenville, Texas

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board Farmersville Independent School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Farmersville Independent School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the type of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud, or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentation, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform
 audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence
 regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other
 procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over
 compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weakness, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Purpose of This Report

Rutherford, Taylor & Congang PL

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 20, 2024 Greenville, Texas

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements -

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified Opinion

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

Material weaknesses identified No

Significant deficiencies identified that are

Noncompliance material to the financial

statements noted None

Federal Awards -

Material weaknesses identified None

Significant deficiencies identified that are

Type of Auditor's report issued on

compliance for major programs

Unmodified opinion

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance

with the Uniform Guidance No

Identification of major programs Education Stabilization Fund Cluster:

ESSER - II (84.425d) ESSER - III (84.425u)

ESSER - III - TCLAS (84.425u)

Child Nutrition Cluster:

School Breakfast Program (10.553) National School Lunch Program (10.555)

NSLP - Supply Chain Assistance Grant (10.555)

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs \$750,000

Entity qualified as a low risk auditee Yes

Pass-through Entities Texas Education Agency

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Financial Statement	Findings	(Section	III)
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FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Corrective	Action	Plans	(Section	V)
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This section of Farmersville Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position was \$ 35,021,172 at June 30, 2024.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$ 1,555,235, less than the \$ 37,926,587 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The total cost of the District's programs increased over the prior year by 31.04% or \$ 8,615,986
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$ 11,049,416, an increase of \$ 187,627 over the previous year.
- The District issued new debt totaling \$ 608,309, to provide for new buses and vehicles.

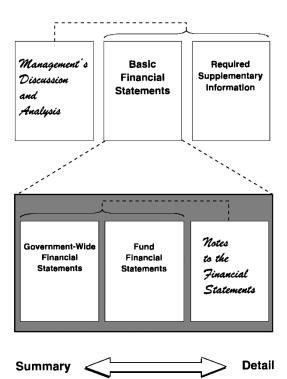
OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as a print shop.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the resources in question belong.

The basic financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the basic financial statements and provide more detailed

Figure A-1, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report



data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the basic financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's basic financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Figure A-2.	Major reatures of the Di	strict's Government-wid	e and Fund Financial Sta	tements							
Type of Statements	Fund Statements Government-wide Governmental Funds Proprietary Funds Fiduciary Funds										
Scope	Entire Agency's government (except fiduciary funds) and the Agency's component units	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities the district operates similar to private businesses: self insurance	Instances in which the district is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources							
Required financial statements	Statement of net assets Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in fund balances	Statement of net assets Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets Statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net assets. Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets							
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus							
Type of asset/liability information		Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they, can							
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid							

Figure A.2 Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The two government-wide statements

report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base and student population.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

• Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

• Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's combined net position was \$35,021,172 at June 30, 2024

Farmersville Indep	anda	nt School Dist	rict's	Not Position	Table A-1
Tarmers vine mack	Jenaci	nit Octiool Bisi		s rect i osition	Total
		Gove	rnmer	ntal	Percentage
		Ac	tivities	3	Change
		2024		2023	2023-2024
Assets:					-
Cash and Investments	\$	16,142,384	\$	36,515,280	-55.79%
Other Assets		5,985,817		5,936,806	0.83%
Capital Assets less Accumulated Depreciation		97,688,469		76,517,115	27.67%
Total Assets	\$	119,816,670	\$	118,969,201	0.71%
Total Deferred Net Outflows of Resources	\$	8,436,961	\$	7,879,691	7.07%
Liabilities:					
Current Liabilities	\$	5,364,936	\$	4,132,496	29.82%
Long-term Liabilities		81,924,041		82,686,518	-0.92%
Total Liabilities	\$	87,288,977	\$	86,819,014	0.54%
Total Deferred Net Inflows of Resources	\$	5,943,482	\$	6,551,090	-9.27%
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	30,921,271	\$	28,566,903	8.24%
Restricted		3,167,563		2,880,720	9.96%
Unrestricted		932,338		2,031,165	54.10%
Total Net Position	\$	35,021,172	\$	33,478,788	4.61%

The District has restricted \$2,562,201 to represent funds held for debt retirement. The unrestricted net asset represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

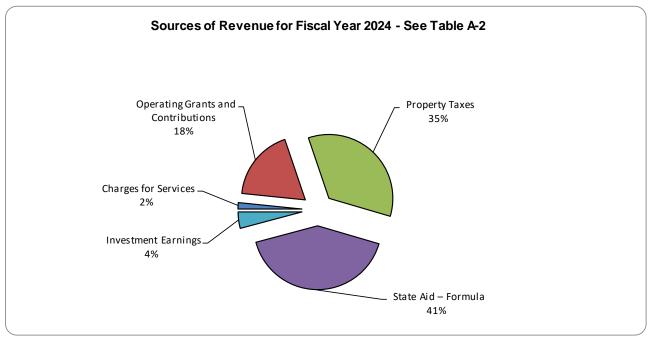
The District's total revenues were \$ 37,926,587. Approximately 35% of the District's revenue comes from local property taxes (See Table A-2). 59% comes from state aid and federal grants, while 6% relates to charges for services and other miscellaneous revenues including investment earnings.

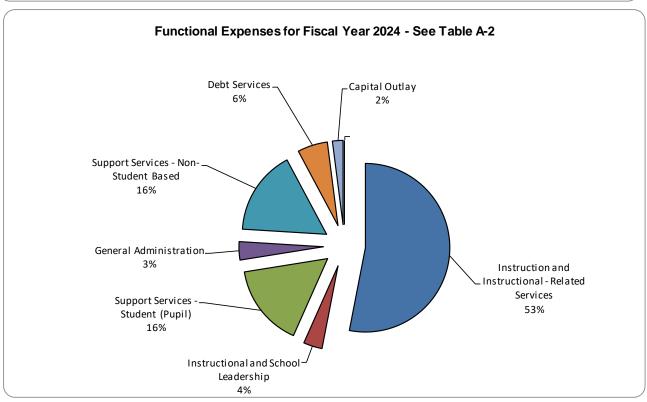
The total cost of all programs and services was \$36,371,352.53% of these costs are for instruction and instructional related services.

The District's current tax collection rate (base tax only – current and delinquent) was 94.49%. The total collection rate (base tax and penalty and interest) was 95.09%.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

				Table A-2					
Changes in Farmersville Independ	ent School District's Net P	ositi	ion	Total					
	Govern	Percentage							
	Activ 2024	rities	2023	Change					
	2024		2023	2023-2024					
Program Revenues:									
Charges for Services	\$ 612,619	\$	409,993	49.4%					
Operating Grants and Contributions	6,889,913		5,385,089	27.94%					
General Revenues:									
Property Taxes	13,168,203		14,269,096	-7.72%					
State Aid – Formula	15,652,975		10,111,929	54.80%					
Investment Earnings	1,574,104		2,076,618	-24.20%					
Miscellaneous	28,773		337,247	-91.47%					
Total Revenues	\$ 37,926,587	\$	32,589,972	16.38%					
Evponsos:									
Expenses: Instruction	\$ 17,197,583	\$	14,594,281	17.84%					
Instructional Resources and Media Services	208,842	Ψ	188,475	10.81%					
Curriculum and Staff Development	1,410,435		455,498	209.65%					
Instructional Leadership	712,846		525,165	35.74%					
School Leadership	1,276,168		1,087,808	17.32%					
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	679,225		609,282	11.48%					
Health Services	343,479		318,468	7.85%					
Student Transportation	1,173,171		1,003,038	16.96%					
Food Services	1,675,800		1,228,749	36.38%					
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	1,736,461		1,486,538	16.81%					
General Administration	1,246,264		889,695	40.08%					
Facilities Maintenance and Operations	3,942,888		2,856,936	38.01%					
Security and Monitoring Services	1,150,756		1,021,376	12.67%					
Data Processing Services	665,431		435,179	52.91%					
Community Services	119,313		84,410	41.35%					
Debt Service	2,043,048		854,850	138.99%					
Capital Outlay	717,991		21,079	3306.19%					
Total Expenses	\$ 36,371,352	\$	27,755,366	31.04%					
Excess (Deficiency) Before Other Resources,	<u>- </u>		<u> </u>						
Uses and Transfers	\$ 1,555,235	\$	4,834,606	-67.83%					
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 1,555,235	\$	4,834,606	-67.83%					
Net Position - Beginning (July 1)	\$ 33,478,788	\$	28,644,182	16.88%					
Prior Period Adjustment	(12,851)			100.00%					
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	\$ 33,465,937	\$	28,644,182	16.83%					
Net Position - Ending (June 30)	\$ 35,021,172	\$	33,478,788	4.61%					





- Table A-3 presents the cost of selected District functions as well as the selected function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.
- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$ 36,371,352.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was only \$ 13,168,203.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs, \$612,619, or
- By grants and contributions \$ 6,889,913.

Farmersville Independent School District's Net Cost of Selected District Functions										
		Total Cost of	Se	ervices	%		Net Cost of	Ser	vices	%
		2024		2023	Change		2024		2023	Change
Instruction	\$	17,197,583	\$	14,594,281	17.84%	\$	14,199,972	\$	11,299,135	25.67%
School Leadership		1,276,168		1,087,808	17.32%		1,233,865		1,083,400	13.89%
General Administration		1,246,264		889,695	40.08%		1,175,996		886,862	32.60%
Facilities Maintenance and Operations		3,942,888		2,856,936	38.01%		3,883,576		2,847,501	36.39%
Debt Service		2.043.048		854.850	138.99%		1,638,967		817.318	100.53%

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The District's fund equity in the governmental funds totaled \$ 15,771,717, a decrease of \$ 21,657,262 from the prior year balance of \$ 37,428,979. The construction of District facilities, including major renovations and upgrades, was the primary cause of the decrease.

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$ 38,345,384 which is an increase of \$ 5,155,564 from the prior year total of \$ 33,189,820. The increase is representative of the increase in state aid due to the increase in student enrollment and attendance. Additional federal and state grant funding for learning losses and vocational program expansions also contribute to the increase in funds for the year.

Expenditures of governmental fund types totaled \$ 60,610,995 which is a decrease of \$ 226,749 from the prior year total of \$ 60,877,704. The decrease was due to capital improvement projects nearing completion throughout the year in addition to increased personnel salary costs to meet the growing student population. Additional expenditures related to expansion of vocational educational programs through federal and state grants also contributed to the increase.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the District revised its General Fund budget several times. Even with these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$ 1,374,416 below final General Fund budget amounts. The most significant positive variance was due to less than anticipated expenditures in the instruction and facilities maintenance and operations functional expenditure categories.

Resources available were \$ 167,823 above the final General Fund budgeted amount. The favorable variance was primarily due to better than anticipated state aid earned due to increased enrollment and attendance of students.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

At year end, the District had invested \$ 121,349,978 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles (See Table A-4).

Farmersville Independent	Schoo	ol District's Ca	apital	Assets	Table A-4
·					Total
		ıtal	Percentage		
		Ac	tivities		Change
	_	2024		2023	2023-2024
Land	\$	1,885,532	\$	974,030	93.58%
Construction in Progress		57,669,665		13,861,275	316.05%
Buildings and Improvements		53,054,214		44,127,582	20.23%
Vehicles		4,535,301		3,475,847	30.48%
Equipment		4,062,270		2,623,931	54.82%
Right of Use Lease Assets		142,996		=	100.00%
Totals at Historical Cost	\$	121,349,978	\$	65,062,665	86.51%
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(23,661,509)		19,359,490	-222.22%
Net Capital Assets	\$	97,688,469	\$	84,422,155	15.71%

DEBT

At year end, the District had \$ 68,294,987 in debt outstanding as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Farmersville Independent School District's Debt									
					Total				
		Govern	men	tal	Percentage				
		Activ	/ities		Change				
		2024		2023	2023-2024				
Bonds Payable	\$	57,260,000	\$	60,075,000	-4.69%				
Direct Borrowings Payable		1,251,214		934,294	33.92%				
Right of Use Lease Payable		93,280		118,823	-21.50%				
Other Debt Payable		9,690,493		10,101,836	-4.07%				
Total Debt Payable	\$	68,294,987	\$	71,217,101	-4.10%				

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The District's property valuation has continued to increase as economic conditions have improved following the Covid pandemic. This has provided stable tax revenues to the District. Local property tax rates for maintenance and operations are restricted by statute to \$.97, without local elections. In prior years, the State Legislature passed House Bill 2 (HB2) which included various changes to the property tax rate structure limiting school districts' opportunities for tax modifications and requires compressing the rates charged to taxpayers. During the latest special session of the Texas Legislature, the bodies passed Senate Bill 2 (SB2) which provides a mandatory increase in the homestead exemption to \$100,000. The measure was approved and implemented in the 2024 fiscal year. This and additional changes required under SB2 could impact the District's financial operations, including cash flows.

The State has increased funding levels for the 2023 - 2025 biennium, which will affect the revenue levels of the District. The level of funding per attendance credits increased but the tax rate compression and expanded homestead exemption will reduce the local effort for revenues. This reduction is to be funded by the State in its annual foundation support. With these changes in funding, the District anticipates monitoring expenditure levels to ensure financial stability remains strong.

Student population has remained at a steady historical growth rate in the District. The economic outlook for the area is for growth to accelerate, as indicated by property value increases in prior years. Housing is beginning to expand like other north central Texas communities but is in a geographic position to see population growth at a slower but significant rate. These economic conditions should allow the District to maintain constant funding and staffing levels in the near future.

The State failed to modify the funding plan adopted along with HB2 in the 87th legislature. As a result, increased spending for personnel salaries and other operating costs has increased, putting continued pressure on the finances of all school districts across the state. The District is monitoring these conditions and will continue to seek options to control spending and maintaining educational programs for its student population.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Anna Baker, Chief Financial Officer for the District.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

1

D-4			•
Data Control		C	Sovernmental
Codes			Activities
00000	=		7101171100
	ASSETS		
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	16,142,384
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, Net		895,184
1240	Due from Other Governments		5,090,633
	Capital Assets:		
1510	Land		1,885,532
1520	Building and Improvements, Net		33,496,784
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		4,555,457
1550	Right of Use Assets, Net		81,031
1580	Construction in Progress		57,669,665
1000	Total Assets	_\$	119,816,670
1701	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows - Refundings	\$	166,654
1701	Deferred Outflows - Pensions	Φ	5,033,664
1705	Deferred Outflows - Persions Deferred Outflows - OPEB		3,236,643
	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	•	
1700		<u> </u>	8,436,961
	LIABILITIES		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	3,050,772
2140	Interest Payable		115,812
2165	Accrued Liabilities		2,154,862
2300	Unearned Revenue		43,490
	Noncurrent Liabilities:		
2501	Due within one year		2,018,200
2502	Due in more than one year		66,276,787
2540	Net Pension Liability		9,884,573
2545	Net OPEB Liability		3,744,481
2000	Total Liabilities	_\$	87,288,977
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
2605	Deferred Inflows - Pensions	\$	500,365
2606	Deferred Inflows - OPEB		5,443,117
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		5,943,482
	NET POSITION		
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	30,921,271
	Restricted For:		
3820	Federal and State Programs		588,618
3850	Debt Service		2,562,201
3890	Other Purpose		16,744
3900	Unrestricted		932,338
3000	Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	35,021,172

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Y	EAREN	NDED JUNE 30,	2024					
			_		0				et (Expense)
			1		3	_	4		Revenue and
D					Program				Changes in
Data				01			Operating	_	Net Assets
Conti			_		narges for		Grants and	G	overnmental
Code	Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	C	ontributions		Activities
	Governmental Activities:								
11	Instruction	\$	17,197,583	\$	_	\$	2,997,611		(14,199,972)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	Ψ	208,842	Ψ	_	Ψ	5,705		(203,137)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		1,410,435		_		1,108,403		(302,032)
21	Instructional Leadership		712,846		_		217,918		(494,928)
23	School Leadership		1,276,168		_		42,303		(1,233,865)
31	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		679,225		_		172,648		(506,577)
33	Health Services		343,479		_		78,989		(264,490)
34	Student Transportation		1,173,171		_		16,695		(1,156,476)
35	Food Services		1,675,800		369,733		1,023,221		(282,846)
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		1,736,461		237,191		27,115		(1,472,155)
41	General Administration		1,246,264		207,101		70,268		(1,175,996)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		3,942,888		5,695		53,617		(3,883,576)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		1,150,756		-		497,946		(652,810)
53	Data Processing Services		665,431		_		170,825		(494,606)
61	Community Services		119,313		_		2,568		(116,745)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		2,031,048		_		404,081		(1,626,967)
73	Debt Issuance Costs and Fees		12,000		_				(12,000)
81	Capital Outlay		717,991						(717,991)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		71,651						(71,651)
33	Other intergovernmental charges		71,001						(71,031)
TG	Total Governmental Activities	_\$_	36,371,352	\$	612,619	\$	6,889,913	\$	(28,868,820)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	36,371,352	\$	612,619	\$	6,889,913	\$	(28,868,820)
		0	I D						
МТ			neral Revenues: operty Taxes, L	asia d fa	r Canaral Dur			\$	0 472 020
DT								Ф	8,473,929
			operty Taxes, L		Dept Service	;			4,694,274
IE SF			estment Earnin	•					1,574,104
			ate Aid-Formula scellaneous	Grani					15,652,975
MI									28,773
TR			tal General Rev					<u>\$</u> \$	30,424,055
CN NB			nange in Net Po		luka 1\			\$	1,555,235
PA			Position - Begi	• •	uly I)			Ф	33,478,788
PA			r Period Adjust		no Boototod			•	(12,851)
			Position - Begi	•				\$	33,465,937
NE		Net	Position - Endi	ng (Jun	e 30)			\$	35,021,172

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control			10 General Fund		50 Debt Service Fund		60 Capital Projects Fund	Go	onmf Other overnmental Funds	Go	98 Total overnmental Funds
	-			-				-			
	ASSETS										
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	8,670,773	\$	2,108,311	\$	4,314,554	\$	672,403	\$	15,766,041
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, Net		636,426		258,758		-		-		895,184
1240	Due from Other Governments		4,417,728		288,916				383,989		5,090,633
1000	Total Assets	\$	13,724,927	\$	2,655,985	\$	4,314,554	\$	1,056,392	\$	21,751,858
	LIABILITIES										
	Current Liabilities:										
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	92,687	\$	-	\$	2,786,765	\$	7,154	\$	2,886,606
2150	Payroll Deductions & Withholdings		30		-		-		-		30
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		1,852,517		-		-		192,566		2,045,083
2200	Accrued Expenditures		93,851		-		-		15,898		109,749
2300	Unearned Revenues		<u> </u>		-		-		43,490		43,490
2000	Total Liabilities	\$	2,039,085	\$		\$	2,786,765	\$	259,108	\$	5,084,958
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
2610	Deferred Property Taxes	\$	636,426	\$	258,758	\$		\$		\$	895,184
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_\$_	636,426	\$	258,758	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	895,184
	FUND BALANCES										
	Restricted Fund Balances:										
3450	Federal/State Funds Grants	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	457,908	\$	457,908
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		2,397,228		-		-		2,397,228
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance		-		-		1,527,789		18,578		1,546,367
	Committed Fund Balances:										
3510	Construction		5,000,000		-		-		-		5,000,000
3530	Capital Expenditures for Equipment		1,000,000		-		-		-		1,000,000
3540	Self Insurance		200,000		-		-		-		200,000
3545	Other Committed Fund Blances		452,936		-		-		320,798		773,734
3600	Unassigned		4,396,480		-		-		-		4,396,480
3000	Total Fund Balances	\$	11,049,416	\$	2,397,228	\$	1,527,789	\$	797,284	\$	15,771,717
400-	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows		10 =01 05=		0.055.055	_			1 050 055		04 754 055
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	13,724,927	\$	2,655,986	\$	4,314,554	\$	1,056,392	\$	21,751,859

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS) TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2024

Total fund balances - Balance Sheet (governmental funds)	\$ 15,771,717
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	97,607,438
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	895,184
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the SNP.	212,176
Payables for bond principal which asre not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(57,260,000)
Payables for right of use leases which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(93,280)
Payables for debt interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(115,812)
Payables for direct borrowings which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(1,251,214)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are deferred in the funds.	166,654
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.	(9,884,573)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB Liability are not reported in the funds.	(500,365)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB Liability are not reported in the funds.	5,033,664
Bond premiums are amortized in the SNA but not in the funds.	(9,690,493)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.	(3,744,481)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	(5,443,117)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	3,236,643
Right of use lease assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	 81,031
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$ 35,021,172

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

_			10		50		60		onmf		98
Data			_		Debt		Capital	_	Other	_	Total
Control			General		Service		Projects	Go	overnmental	G	overnmental
Codes	-		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds		Funds
	REVENUES										
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	9,094,395	\$	4,758,162	\$	839,232	\$	593,859	\$	15,285,648
5800	State Program Revenues		16,900,742		404,081		-		3,261,057		20,565,880
5900	Federal Program Revenues		259,458				_		2,234,398		2,493,856
5020	Total Revenues	\$	26,254,595	\$	5,162,243	\$	839,232	\$	6,089,314	\$	38,345,384
	EXPENDITURES										
	Current:										
0011	Instruction	\$	13,563,395	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,411,423	\$	15,974,818
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		174,020		-		-		3,055		177,075
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		301,530		-		-		1,091,133		1,392,663
0021	Instructional Leadership		492,213		-		-		200,575		692,788
0023	School Leadership		1,211,428		-		_		-		1,211,428
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		499,435		-		_		156,385		655,820
0033	Health Services		332,054		-		_		-		332,054
0034	Student Transportation		1,454,162		_		_		-		1,454,162
0035	Food Services		82,499		_		_		1,506,036		1,588,535
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		1,263,761		_		_		166,005		1,429,766
0041	General Administration		1,179,406		_		_		40,400		1,219,806
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		3,854,182		_		_		3,360		3,857,542
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		747,052		_		_		469,516		1,216,568
0052	Data Processing Services		521,504		_		_		155,917		677,421
0061	Community Service		117,437						155,517		117,437
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt		316,931		2,815,000				_		3,131,931
0071	Interest on Long-term Debt		58,680		2,325,369		_		-		2,384,049
0072	Debt Issuance Cost and Fees		30,000		12,000		-		-		12,000
			405 400		12,000		-		-		
0081	Capital Outlay		435,109		-		22,578,332		-		23,013,441
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		71,651		-		-		-		71,651
6030	Total Expenditures	\$	26,676,449	\$	5,152,369	\$	22,578,332	\$	6,203,805	\$	60,610,955
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over										
	Expenditures	\$	(421,854)	\$	9,874	\$	(21,739,100)	\$	(114,491)	\$	(22,265,571)
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
7914	Direct Borrowing Proceeds	\$	608,309	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	608,309
7915	Transfers In	Ψ	1,172	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,172
8911	Transfers Out		1,172		_		_		(1,172)		(1,172)
0311	Tarsicis out				_		_		(1,172)		(1,172)
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	609,481	\$		\$		\$	(1,172)	\$	608,309
1200	Net Changes in Fund Balances	\$	187,627	\$	9,874	\$	(21,739,100)	\$	(115,663)	\$	(21,657,262)
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning (July 1)		10,861,789		2,387,354		23,266,889		912,947		37,428,979
3000	Fund Balances - Ending (June 30)	\$	11,049,416	\$	2,397,228	\$	1,527,789	\$	797,284	\$	15,771,717

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (21,657,263)

1,555,235

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA	23,610,218
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(2,438,864)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	98,053
Expense not requiring the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	363,738
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	2,815,000
Repayment of right of use lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	25,543
Repayment of direct borrowings principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	291,389
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest expense from beginning of period to end of period.	(10,738)
The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	13,622
Proceeds of direct borrowings do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as current resources in the funds.	(608, 309)
Pension contributions in the current year are de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows.	619,828
Pension contributions deferred in the prior year are expended in the current year.	(631,771)
Pension expense is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	(1,402,525)
OPEB contributions in the current year are de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows.	125,067
OPEB contributions deferred in the prior year were expended in the current year.	(124,572)
OPEB expense is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	466,819

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

Data			Internal		
Control			Service		
Codes	_		Fund		
	ASSETS				
	Current Assets:				
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	376,342		
1000	Total Assets	\$	376,342		
	LIABILITIES				
	Current Liabilities:				
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	164,166		
2000	Total Liabilities	\$	164,166		
			_		
	NET POSITION				
3900	Unrestricted Net Position	_\$	212,176		
3000	Total Net Position	<u> \$ </u>	212,176		

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control		Internal Service		
Codes	<u> </u>	Fund		
	OPERATING REVENUES			
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	159,605	
5020	Total Revenues	\$	159,605	
	OPERATING EXPENSES			
6400	Other Operating Costs	_\$	145,983	
6030	Total Expenses	\$	145,983	
1200	Change in Net Position	\$	13,622	
0100	Total Net Position - Beginning (July 1)		198,554	
3000	Total Net Position - Ending (June 30)	\$	212,176	

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	5	nternal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Receipts from Quasi- external Interfund Transfers Cash Receipts from Investment Earnings Cash Payments for Claims Cash Payments for Administration/Reinsurance	\$	159,162 443 (82,035) (38,852)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	38,718
Cash Flows from Capital and Other Related Financing Activities:		
NONE		
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:		
NONE		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: NONE		
	•	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments	\$	38,718
Cash and Investments - Beginning (July 1)		337,624
Cash and Investments - Ending (June 30)	\$	376,342
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Increase (Decrease) in Claims Liability	\$	13,622
	•	25,096
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	38,718

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

		(Custodial
Data			Funds
Control			Student
Codes	_		Activity
	ASSETS		
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	102,329
1000	Total Assets		102,329
	LIABILITIES		
	Current Liabilities:		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	
2000	Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	-
	NET BOOKER		
	NET POSITION		
	Restricted For:		
3800	Student Groups	\$	102,329
	·	_ 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3000	Total Net Position	\$	102,329

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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Data Control Codes	_		Custodial Funds Student Activity	
	ADDITIONS			
5700	Fundraising Activities	_\$	101,340	
5020	Total Additions	_\$	101,340	
6400	DEDUCTIONS Group Activities	<u>\$</u>	111,014	
6030	Total Deductions	\$	111,014	
1300	Change in Net Position	\$	(9,674)	
0100	Net Position, Beginning (July 1)		112,003	
3000	Net Position, Ending (June 30)	<u>\$</u>	102,329	

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Farmersville Independent School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (Guide)*. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees (Board), a seven member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and as a body corporate has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

2. Basis of Presentation – Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements – The statement of net position (SNA) and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities (SOA) presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term Debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund – The District accounts for capital improvements resulting from the issuance of tax supported general obligation bonds in this fund. Any excess proceeds remaining will be used to retire the debt issued.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – The District accounts for resources restricted to or designated for specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project years. The Board can commit specific types of resources to specific purposes which are included as special revenue funds.

Internal Service Funds – These funds are proprietary type funds. These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements. The District uses internal service funds for self-insured workers compensation activities.

Custodial Funds – These funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a custodial capacity. Custodial funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

b. Measurement Focus – Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally measurable until received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

3. Budgetary Data

The official budget was prepared for adoption for the general, food service and debt service funds. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1.
- b. A meeting of the Board is called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget with public notice given at least 10 days prior to the meeting.
- c. Prior to the expenditure of funds, the budget is adopted by the Board.

After adoption, the budget may be amended through action by the Board. Budget amendments are approved at the functional expenditure level. All amendments are before the fact and reflected in the official minutes of the Board. Budgets are controlled at the function level by personnel responsible for organizational financial reporting. All budget appropriations lapse at the year end. Budget amendments throughout the year were not significant.

4. Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

End-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget are:

General Fund	\$ -0-
Special Revenue Fund	-0-
Debt Service Fund	 -0-
Total	\$ -0-

5. Financial Statement Amounts

Cash and Investments

The District pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities and disclosed as a part of the District's cash and temporary investments.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Fund Balance

Governmental funds utilize a fund balance presentation for equity. Fund balance is categorized as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance – represents amounts with external constraints placed on the use of these resources (such as debt covenants, grantors, other governments, etc.) or imposed by enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed fund balance – represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board. Committed resources cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specific use by taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assigned fund balance – represents amounts the District intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the Board or an official delegated the authority. The Board has delegated the authority to assign fund balances to the Superintendent.

Unassigned fund balance – represents the residual classification for the general fund or deficit balances in other funds.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

The following schedule provides information about the specific fund balance classification by fund:

		Debt		Capital		Other		
	 General	 Service		Projects		vernmental	Total	
Restricted								
Child Nutrition	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	457,908	\$	457,908
Retirement of Long Term Debt	-	2,397,228		-		-		2,397,228
Capital Projects	-	-		1,527,789		-		1,527,789
Harben Scholarship	-	-		-		3,419		3,419
Haas Scholarship	-	-		-		15,159		15,159
Committed								
Capital Improvements	5,000,000	-		-		-		5,000,000
Capital Expenditures for Equipment	1,000,000	-		-		-		1,000,000
Self Insurance	200,000	-		-		-		200,000
Scholarships	-	-		-		1,585		1,585
Campus Activity Funds	-	-		-		188,503		188,503
Future Budget Deficit	-	_		-		130,710		130,710
Assigned								
Prior Budget Projects	452,936	_		-		-		452,936
Unassigned	 4,396,480	-		-		-		4,396,480
Totals	\$ 11,049,416	\$ 2,397,228	\$	1,527,789	\$	797,284	\$	15,771,717

Inventories

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at cost using the weighted average method and are expensed when used. On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are valued at cost. For all funds, cost is determined using the weighted average method, and are determined by physical count. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time of purchase. Reported inventories in these funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates they do not represent available spendable resources.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting years and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are recorded as expenditures when the items are consumed or occur.

Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$ 5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Esimaled
Asset Class	<u>Useful Lives</u>
Buildings and Improvements	15-50
Vehicles	5-10
Other Equipment	3-15

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues include state funds received but have not been earned in the year. The balance will be earned in the future year and not recorded as liabilities.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Right of Use Assets and Liabilities

GASB Statement 87, Leases created new financial statement accounts "Right of Use" assets and similar offsetting liabilities. A "right of use" asset accounts for the net present value of future payments attached to a leased asset. Common examples of "Right of Use" assets are copiers, printers, and other types of equipment that the District does not take ownership of but uses under the lease agreement. The assets value will be amortized over the life of the lease using a straight-line method. The liability offsetting the" Right of Use" is presented as lease payable.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

GASB Statement 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements created new financial statement assets and offsetting liabilities. A SBITA asset accounts for the net present value of future payments required for right of use subscription assets. To the extent relevant, the standards for SIBTA's are based on the standards established by GASB Statement 87, Leases. A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right of use of another party's information technology (software) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The asset will be amortized over the life of the contract allowing the use of the information technology over a straight line method. The asset is included in the financial statement caption right of use asset with the offsetting liability identified as SBITA payable.

6. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The District implemented GASB Statement Number 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement Number 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits and Other Pensions. In addition to assets and liabilities, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental fund Balance Sheet report separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future year and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future year and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports certain deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. At the governmental fund level, earned but unavailable revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The District also implemented GASB Statement Number 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*, which amends the transition provisions of GASB 68. GASB 71 requires that, at transition, governments recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resource for pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning Net Pension Liability. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the prior year adjustment.

7. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

8. Interfund Activities

Interfund activity results from loans, service provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfer" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

9. Vacation, Sick Leave, and Other Compensated Absences

District employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on their length of employment. Sick leave accrues at various rates established by the State and adopted by the Board of Trustees. Sick leave vests, accumulates, and is recorded as expense as it is incurred. Sick leave is paid upon separation from the District.

The District reimbursed employees who voluntarily retire through the Texas Retirement System, for up to 100 days of accrued local leave at a rate approved by the Board of Trustees. Currently the approved rate is \$ 60 per day.

10. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and additions to/ deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expenses, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit term. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

12. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could vary from these estimates.

Data Control Codes

Data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Agency in the *Guide*. The Agency requires the District to display these codes in its financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

13. New Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued various new accounting standards to better meet the information needed for users of financial statements by improving accounting and financial reporting. The GASB does this by issuing statements that cover various issues identified as needing additional clarification or direction to maintain standardization and comparability of financial information. During the year, the GASB issued no new standards. The following statements with varying effective dates noted are to be implemented in the coming periods:

Statement 99: Omnibus 2024 (Effective upon issuance with some effective FY beginning after June 15, 2024)

Statement 100: Accounting Changes and Error Corrections (Effective FY beginning after June 15, 2024)

Statement 101: Compensated Absences (Effective FY beginning after December 15, 2024)

Statement 102: Certain Risk Disclosures (Effective FY beginning after June 15, 2024)

Statement 103: Financial Reporting Model Improvements (Effective FY beginning after June 15, 2025)

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

15. Accounting System

In accordance with Texas Education Code, Chapter 44, Subchapter A, the District adopted and implemented an accounting system which at least meets the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. The District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the accounting code section of the *Guide*. Mandatory codes are utilized in the form provided in that section.

B. Deposits, Securities, and Investments

Cash Deposits

The District's funds are deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The contract requires the depository to pledge approved securities in an amount significant to protect the District's day-to-day balances. The pledge is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance District (FDIC) insurance. At year end, all District cash deposits appear to have been adequately covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District or the depository in the District's name. The District's deposits appear to have been properly secured throughout the year.

Investments

The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA). The Act requires specific training reporting and establishment of local policies. The District appears to be in compliance with all the requirements of the Act.

The PFIA (Government Code Chapter 256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversifications, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk level, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the state maturity date of portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preference for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) banker's acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The PFIA governs the District's investment policies and types of investments.

The District's management believes that is complies with the requirements of the PFIA and the District's investment policies.

District investments include investments in TexPool, TexStar and Texas CLASS, which are local government investment pools. The District also invests in money market accounts at their local depository. All investments are reported at fair value and are presented as cash and investments.

The following table lists the District's investments at year end:

	.=	Fair Value/ oritized Cost	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
Governmental Activites			
Investments			
TexPool	\$	4,196,040	36
TexStar		868,643	24
Texas CLASS		796,425	35
Money Market		9,262,245	N/A
Total	\$	15,123,353	

B. Deposits, Securities, and Investments (Continued)

Lone Star Investment Pool

The Lone Star Investment Pool (Lone Star) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the PFIA, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the board of trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and non-members. Lone Star is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Lone Star has no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals. The District is invested in the Corporate Overnight Plus Fund of Lone Star. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government and Corporate Overnight maintain a net asset value of one dollar and the Corporate Overnight Plus maintains a net Asset value of 50 cents. The Government Overnight and Corporate Overnight Funds value all investments at amortized cost and are operated in accordance with GASB 79. The Corporate Overnight Plus Fund values all investments at fair value and is operated in accordance with GASB 72.

Texas Local Government Investment Pool

The District invests in the Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool), which is a local government investment pool that was established in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and operates under the PFIA, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts oversees TexPool. Federated Investors, Inc. is the administrator and investment manager of TexPool under contract with the State Comptroller. In accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the State Comptroller has appointed the TexPool Investment Advisory Board to advise with respect to TexPool. The board is composed equally of participants in TexPool Portfolios and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool Portfolios and are qualified to advise in respect to Texpool Portfolios. The Advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. All investments are stated at amortized cost, which approximates market value of the securities. The stated objective of TexPool is to maintain a stable average of \$1.00 per unit net asset value; however, the \$1.00 net asset value is not guaranteed or insured. The financial statements can be obtained from the Texas Trust Safekeeping Trust Company website at www.ttstc.org.

Texas Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System Trust (Texas CLASS)

The Texas Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System Trust (Texas CLASS), was created as an investment pool for it participants pursuant to Section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code. The Texas CLASS Trust Agreement (Trust) is an agreement of indefinite term regarding the investment, reinvestment and withdrawal of local government funds. The parties to the Trust Agreement are Texas local government entities that choose to participate (the "Participants"), MBIA Municipal Investors Service Corporation as Program Administrator (the "Program Administrator"), and Wells Fargo Bank Texas, NA as Custodian (the "Custodian").

Texas CLASS is supervised by a Board of Trustees who are elected by the Participants. The Board of Trustees supervises the Trust and its affairs and acts as the liaison between the Participants, the Custodian, and the Program Administrator. The Board administers the affairs of the Trust. It also selects the consultants for Texas CLASS, including the Program Administrator and the Custodian.

The Texas CLASS Board of Trustees has appointed an Advisory Board composed of Participants and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the Trust and are qualified to advise the Trust. The Advisory Board provides advice to the Board of Trustees and the Program Administrator about the Investment Policy and Investment Strategy of the Trust, and about other matters as requested by the Board of Trustees and the Program Administrator.

The Fund is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's rating agency. This rating is the highest principal stability fund rating assigned by Standard & Poor's.

B. Deposits, Securities, and Investments (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Districts' name. At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

The largest combined balances of cash, saving and time deposit accounts amounted to \$ 26,147,157 and occurred in September 2023. The amount of bond or market value of securities pledged as of the date of the highest combine balance on deposit was \$ 35,000,000. The total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$ 500,000. Independent Financial of Farmersville, Texas is the District's depository.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. District investments are limited to short term maturities to limit any potential interest rate risk. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. State statutes do not allow for foreign investments, this eliminating foreign currency rate risk. The District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

f. Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements require judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

C. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1, in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year.

Property taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectibles within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Section 33.05, Property Tax Code, requires the tax collector for the District to cancel and remove from the delinquent tax rolls a tax on real property that has been delinquent for more than 20 years or a tax on personal property that has been delinquent for more than 10 years. Delinquent taxes meeting this criteria may not be canceled if litigation concerning these taxes is pending.

The District levied taxes on property within the District at \$ 0.7575 to fund general operations and \$ 0.4242 for the payment of principal and interest on long term debt. The rates were levied on property assessed totaling \$ 1,176,928,511. The District contracts with a tax attorney for the collection of all delinquent taxes. Delinquent taxes are subject to both penalty and interest plus a 20% delinquent tax attorney collection fee.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activities during the year were as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 974,030	\$ 911,502	\$ -	\$ 1,885,532
Construction in Progress	36,358,081	21,311,584	-	57,669,665
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated	\$ 37,332,111	\$ 22,223,086	\$ -	\$ 59,555,197
Capital Assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 53,054,214	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 53,054,214
Vehicles	3,814,666	736,167	15,532	4,535,301
Equipment	3,411,305	650,965	-	4,062,270
Right of Use Assets	 142,996	-	-	142,996
Total Capital Assets being depreciated	\$ 60,423,181	\$ 1,387,132	\$ 15,532	\$ 61,794,781
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 17,989,323	\$ 1,568,107	\$ -	\$ 19,557,430
Vehicles	1,939,915	470,778	15,532	2,395,161
Equipment	1,275,573	371,380	-	1,646,953
Right of Use Assets	 33,366	28,599	-	61,965
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 21,238,177	\$ 2,438,864	\$ 15,532	\$ 23,661,509
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	\$ 39,185,004	\$ (1,051,732)	\$ -	\$ 38,133,272
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 76,517,115	\$ 21,171,354	\$ -	\$ 97,688,469

D. <u>Capital Assets (Continued)</u>

Depreciation and amortization are charged to governmental activities functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 1,467,325
Instructional Resources and Media Services	31,191
School Leadership	53,654
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	6,238
Health Services	6,238
Student Transportation	271,522
Food Services	72,026
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	291,415
General Administration	3,431
Facilities Maintenance and Operations	132,740
Security and Monitoring Services	65,493
Data Processing Services	37,591
Total	\$ 2,438,864

E. <u>Long Term Obligations</u>

Long Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligation activities during the year were as follows:

	 Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances	Amounts Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds Direct Borrowing Payable Right of Use Lease Payable Bond Premium (Discount)	\$ 60,075,000 934,294 118,823 10,101,836	\$ - 608,309 - -	\$ 2,815,000 291,389 25,543 411,343	\$ 57,260,000 1,251,214 93,280 9,690,493	\$ 1,660,000 328,116 29,084
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 71,229,953	608,309	\$ 3,543,275	\$ 68,294,987	\$ 2,017,200

Bonds

The District has issued various series of general obligation bonds to fund facility construction and improvements. Bonds mature at various times with varying rates of interest. The bonds issued require the District to levy an ad valorem tax annually to retire the current maturities. The District is required to make semi-annual interest payments along with annual principal payments.

The following bonded debt issues are outstanding at year end:

Description	Interest Rate	Original Balance	Outstanding Balances		
Unlimited Tax School Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2021	1.8100% 1.4605%	\$ 7,484,998 54,975,000	\$	3,700,000 53,560,000	
Totals			\$	57.260.000	

E. <u>Long Term Obligations (Continued)</u>

Maturity requirements on bonded debt at year end are as follows:

Year Ending					Total
June 30	 Principal	Interest		R	equirements
2025 2026	\$ 1,660,000 1,925,000	\$	2,208,700 2,141,500	\$	3,868,700 4,066,500
2027	2,005,000		2,141,500		4,066,550
2028	2,085,000		1,986,350		4,071,350
2029	1,690,000		1,899,300		3,589,300
2030-2034	7,615,000		8,437,700		16,052,700
2035-2039	9,400,000		6,728,650		16,128,650
2040-2044	11,365,000		4,760,550		16,125,550
2045-2049	13,385,000		2,795,050		16,180,050
2050-2054	 6,130,000		370,200		6,500,200
Totals	\$ 57,260,000	\$	33,389,550	\$	90,649,550

Direct Borrowing

The District issued various agreements identified here as direct borrowings. Direct borrowings include loans, leases that transfer ownership, maintenance tax notes and other financing arrangements.

Direct borrowing terms require various principal and interest payments over the life of the outstanding debt. Some agreements require annual payments of principal and interest while others require monthly payments of principal and interest. The agreements mature at various term lengths and incur various rates of interest. The following schedule lists the outstanding direct borrowings at year end:

Description	Maturity Date	Interest Rate		Original Amount		tstanding alances
US Bancorp - Buses	12/1/2025	2.15%	\$	1,021,154	\$	416,508
Empire Financial - Buses	10/1/2027	3.95%	•	189,203	•	159,979
US Bancorp - Buses	09/1/2028	4.95%		221,741		221,741
Empire Financial - Buses	04/5/2029	5.25%		236,832		236,831
Enterprise - Vehicle	10/1/2024	10.00%		30,090		741
Enterprise - Vehicle	09/1/2024	10.00%		29,838		2,215
Enterprise - Vehicle	08/1/2024	10.00%		16,972		843
Enterprise - Vehicle	08/1/2024	10.00%		17,788		884
Enterprise - Vehicle	08/1/2024	10.00%		17,788		884
Enterprise - Vehicle	09/1/2024	10.00%		10,057		746
Enterprise - Vehicle	12/1/2024	10.00%		28,556		4,187
Enterprise - Vehicle	12/1/2024	10.00%		28,556		4,187
Enterprise - Vehicle	12/1/2024	10.00%		28,556		4,187
Enterprise - Vehicle	12/1/2024	10.00%		28,556		4,187
Enterprise - Vehicle	12/1/2024	10.00%		31,574		4,629
Enterprise - Vehicle	10/1/2025	10.00%		62,868		10,334
Enterprise - Vehicle	10/1/2025	10.00%		31,662		9,955
Enterprise - Vehicle	10/1/2025	10.00%		32,643		10,263
Enterprise - Vehicle	04/1/2027	10.00%		42,396		31,459
Enterprise - Vehicle	08/1/2027	10.00%		46,179		37,830
Enterprise - Vehicle	08/1/2028	10.00%		48,547		41,384
Enterprise - Vehicle	08/1/2028	10.00%		55,011		47,240
	To	otals			\$	1,251,214

E. Long Term Obligations (Continued)

Maturity requirements on direct borrowing liabilities at year end are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	F	Principal	Interest	Re	Total equirements
2025	\$	328,116	\$ 55,632	\$	383,748
2026		434,592	41,126		475,718
2027		155,781	25,413		181,194
2028		173,493	16,451		189,944
2029		159,232	7,963		167,195
Totals	\$	1,251,214	\$ 146,585	\$	1,397,799

Right of Use Leases

The District executed various agreements identified here as right of use leases. Leases represent an obligation that represents the net present value of the obligations to be paid over a specified term and does not transfer ownership.

The District executed an agreement for the use of copiers for placement at various locations throughout the District. The agreement requires 60 monthly payments including interest at an implicit rate of interest of 13.06%. The final payment is scheduled to be paid in June 2027.

The following schedule lists the outstanding right of use leases at year end:

Description	Maturity Date	Interest Original Rate Balance		standing alances	
Dex Imaging - Copiers	6/1/2027	13.06%	\$	146,293	\$ 93,281
		Total	s		\$ 93,281

Maturity requirements on right of use lease liabilities at year end are as follows:

Year Ending	D		lata sa a t	D.	Total
June 30		rincipal	Interest	K	equirements
2025	\$	29,084	\$ 10,480	\$	39,564
2026		33,117	6,447		39,564
2027		31,080	1,890		32,970
Totals	\$	93,281	\$ 18,817	\$	112,098

F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan</u>

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report(ACFR) that includes financial statements and required information. That report may be obtained on the internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/pages/about publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592. The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2023 ACFR for TRS provides the following information regarding the Pension Plan fiduciary net position as of August 31, 2023, and 2022.

Net Pension Liability		2023	 2022
Total Pension Liability	\$	255,860,886,500	\$ 243,553,045,455
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(187, 170, 535, 558)	(184, 185, 617, 196)
Net Pension Liability	_	<u> </u>	
	\$	68,690,350,942	\$ 59,367,428,259
Not Decision as a secondary of Total Decision Linking		70.450/	 75.000/
Net Position as percentage of Total Pension Liability		73.15%	75.62%

3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1) above.

Texas Government Code Section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the TRS's actuary.

4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of TRS during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code, Section 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code Section 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

Contribution Rates						
	2023	2024				
Member	8.00%	8.25%				
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	8.00%	8.25%				
Employers	8.00%	8.25%				
Current Year Employer Contributions Current Year Member Contributions		\$ 727,730 \$ 1,486,340				
Measurement Period NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$ 828,542				

F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributors to the plan include members, employers, and the State of Texas (State) as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- A Public Education Employer contribution surcharge of 1.7% of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2023, gradually increasing to 2% in fiscal year 2025 on all covered payroll.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2022 rolled forward to August 31, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value
Single Discount Rate 7.00%
Long-term Expected Investment Rate 7.00%

Municipal Bond Rate - August 31, 2022 4.13% - The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve Data Municipal bonds with

20 years to maturity that include only federal taxexempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity

Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" 2122

Projection Perion Ending August 31 in projection Period (100 years)

Inflation

z.30%

Salary Increases including inflation 2.95% to 8.95% including inflation

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes Nor

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2021. For full description of these assumption please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 22, 2022.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension pan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2023 are summarized on the next page

F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

Asset Class*	Target Allocation %**	Long -Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return***	Expected Contribution to Long Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18.00%	4.00%	1.00%
Non-US Developed	13.00%	4.50%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	4.80%	0.75%
Private Equity*	14.00%	7.00%	1.50%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	2.50%	0.50%
Absolute Return*	0.00%	3.60%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	4.10%	0.20%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	4.90%	1.10%
Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure	6.00%	4.80%	0.40%
Commodities	0.00%	4.40%	0.00%
Risk Parity	8.00%	4.50%	0.40%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	3.70%	0.00%
Asset Allocation Leverage	(6.00%)	4.40%	(0.10%)
Inflation Expectation			2.30%
Volatility Drag****			(0.90%)
Expected Return	100%		8.00%

^{*} Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

For the fiscal year ended August 31. 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments was 3.84%. The annual money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

6. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the District's share of the net pension liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00% as well as what the District's share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 – percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1 – percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	19	6 Decrease	Discount Rate			1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	14.777.984	\$	9.884.573	\$	5,815,699	

^{**} Target allocations are based on the FY2023 policy model.

^{***} Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 6/30/2023)

^{****} The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

7. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At year end, the District reported a liability of \$ 9,884,573 for its proportionate share of the System's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 9,884,573
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	11,072,027
Total	\$ 20,956,600

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and rolled to August 31, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contribution to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 thru August 31, 2023.

At August 31, 2023, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0143900458%, which was an increase of 0.0014760641% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2022.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The actuarial assumptions and methods have been modified since the determination of the prior year's Net Pension Liability. These new assumptions were adopted in conjunction with an actuarial experience study. The primary assumption change was the lowering of the single discount rate from 7.25% to 7.00%.

Changes in Benefit Provisions Since Prior Measurement Date

The Texas 2023 Legislature passed legislation that provides a one-time stipend to certain retired teachers. The stipend was paid to retirees beginning in September of 2023. The Legislature appropriated funds to pay for this one-time stipend so there will be no impact on the Net Pension Liability of TRS. In addition, the legislature also provided for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) to retirees which was approved during the November 2023 election which was paid in January 2024. Therefore, this contingent liability was not reflected as of August 31, 2023.

Pension Expense

For the current year, the District recognized pension expense of \$ 3,706,076 and revenue of \$ 1,671,780 for support provided by the State.

The District reported its proportionate share of the system's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources at year end:

		red Outflows Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences	\$	352,191	\$ 119,691		
Changes of actuarial assumptions		934,887	228,788		
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's		1,438,445	-		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		1,688,313	 151,886		
Total as of August 31, 2023 measurement date	\$	4,413,836	\$ 500,365		
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		619,828	-		
Total as of year end	\$	5,033,664	\$ 500,365		

G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30	/	Amount
2025	\$	941,541
2026		660,458
2027		1,569,213
2028		626,044
2029		116,215
Thereafter		-

G. Other Post-Employment Defined Benefit Plans

1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group health insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed un Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed Information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required information. That report may be obtained on the internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/pages/about publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

The components of the Net OPEB Liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2023, and 2022 are as follows:

Net OPEB Liablity	2023		2023 202		
Total OPEB Liability Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	26,028,070,267 (3,889,765,203)	\$	27,061,942,520 (3,117,937,218)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	22,138,305,064	\$	23,944,005,302	
Net Position as percentage of Total OPEB Liability		14.94%		11.52%	

3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs.

G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

4. Contributions

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer (public school) contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the State Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contribution rates and amounts provided to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates

	2023		2024
Active Employee Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	0.65% 1.25%		0.65% 1.25%
Employers Federal/Private Funding remitted by Employers	0.75% 1.25%		0.75% 1.25%
Current Year Employer Contributions Current Year Member Contributions Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$ \$ \$	147,220 117,655 177,046

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS-Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$ 535 per retiree.

A supplemental appropriation was received in 2023 for \$ 21.3 million provided by Rider 14 of the Senate Bill GAA of the 87th legislature. These amounts were re-appropriated from amounts received by the pension and TRS-Care funds in excess of the state's actual obligation and then transferred to TRS-Care. The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates							
	Me	dicare	Non M	<u>Medicare</u>			
Retiree or Surviving Spouse Retiree and Spouse Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children Retiree and Family	\$	135 529 468 1,020	\$	200 689 408 999			

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2022. Updated procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to August 31, 2023. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions.

The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, rates of retirement, termination, and disability including general inflation and salary increases are identical to those used in the respective TRS Pension valuation. These assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the measurement period ended August 31, 2021. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2022 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2023:

Rates of Mortality Rates of Retirement Rates of Termination Rates of Disability General Inflation Wage Inflation Salary Increases

G. Other Post-Employment Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

The active mortality rates were based on PUB (2010) Amount-Weighted, Below-Median Income, Teacher male and female tables (with a two year set forward for males). The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2021 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from mortality projection scale U-MP - 2021.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Inflation Single Discount Rate Aging Factors

Expenses

Salary Increases Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes August 31, 2022 rolled forward to August 31, 2023

Individual Entry-Age Normal

2 30%

4.13% as of August 31, 2023 Based on plan specific experience

Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the

age- adjusted claims costs

2.95% to 8.95%, including inflation

None

Health Care Trend Rates

The initial medical trend rates were 8.25% for Medicare retirees and 7.25% for Non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.25% for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 13 years.

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 4.13% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of 0.22% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutory required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB Liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31. 2022 using the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federal tax-exempt municipal bonds.

6. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (4.13%) in measuring the net OPEB liability as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of 1% less than the rate used.

	19	6 Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	4.410.219	\$	3.744.481	\$	3.201.223

G. Other Post-Employment Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

7. Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate (8.25%), as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

	19	6 Decrease	 ent Healthcare et Trend Rate	19	1% Increase			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	3,083,393	\$ 3,744,481	\$	4,594,974			

8. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$ 3,744,481 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	3,744,481
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District		4,518,292
	-	_
Total	\$	8,262,773

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and rolled forward to August 31, 2023 and the total OPEB Liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 thru August 31, 2023.

At August 31, 2023, the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0169140371%, which was an increase of 0.0010323232% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2022.

Change Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changed to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

• The discount rate changed from 3.91% as of August 31, 2022 to 4.13% as of August 31, 2023, accompanied by revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

G. Other Post-Employment Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

OPEB Expense

The amount of OPEB expense recognized by the District in the reporting period was (\$ 1,308,162) and revenue of (\$ 965,915) for support provided by the State.

The District reported its proportionate share of TRS-Care's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources at year:

		rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences Changes in actuarial assumptions Differences between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's		169,409 511,094 1,618	\$	3,150,272 2,292,845		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		2,429,455		-		
Total as of August 31, 2023 measurement date	\$	3,111,576	\$	5,443,117		
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		125,067		<u>-</u>		
Total at fiscal year end	\$	3,236,643	\$	5,443,117		

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expenses as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30	Amount				
2025	\$	(631,762)			
2026		(460,021)			
2027		(227,510)			
2028		(335,099)			
2029		(327,884)			
Thereafter		(349,265)			

H. Medicare Part D Coverage

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, TRS-Care receives retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 and year ended August 31, 2022, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$ 104,611, \$ 91,121, and \$ 59,670, respectively. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statement of the District.

I. Risk Management

Health Care

During the year, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$ 225 per month per employee and employees, at their opinion, authorized payroll withholdings to provide dependents coverage under the Plan. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

I. Risk Management (Continued)

The contract between the Farmersville Independent School District and Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas, is renewable September 1 of each year and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas, are available for the year ended December 31, 2023 and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

Workers Compensation

The District participates in the East Texas Educational Insurance Association Workers Compensation Self Insurance Joint Fund. The District is partially self-funded to a loss fund maximum of \$86,942 for the 23-24 fiscal year. Additionally, the District incurred fixed costs of \$38,852 for their share of claims administration, loss control, record keeping, and cost of excess insurance.

Claims administration is provided by Claims Administrative Services, Inc. Reinsurance is provided for aggregate claim losses exceeding \$ 225,000. The fixed cost charge is based on total payroll paid by the District. Increases or decreases in the fixed costs will adjust subsequent year charges.

The accrued liability for workers' compensation self-insurance of \$ 163,610 includes \$ 67,226 of incurred but not reported claims. This liability is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues," which require that a liability for claims be reported if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The liability recorded is an undiscounted actuarial calculation.

Changes in the workers' compensation claims liability amounts in the years of 2024 and 2023 are represented below:

	 2024	 2023
Claims Payable - Beginning	\$ 138,645	\$ 99,717
Claims Incurred and Changes in Estimate	96,479	89,046
Claim Payments	 (71,514)	 (50,118)
Claims Payable - Ending	\$ 163,610	\$ 138,645

Unemployment Compensation Pool

During the current year, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation pool. For the current year, the fund anticipates that the District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2023, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Other Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2024, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover these liabilities. There were not significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

J. <u>Litigation</u>

The District appears to have no pending litigation as of June 30, 2024

K. <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at year end, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

The effects of the coronavirus-19 (COVID-19) pandemic continues to affect the District's operations including funding for student attendance and operating programs and cost. Continued funding allowances including additional federal funding will cease in future periods. The operational costs associated with these additional revenues will be evaluated along with the need for these services. The cost of the additional federal funded programs may exceed the available resources and require the District to either eliminate or curtail their existence.

L. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated all events or transactions that occurred after June 30, 2024 up through October 20, 2024, the date the financial statements were issued.

M. Shared Service Arrangements

The District participates in cooperative programs with other local districts. The District does not account for revenue or expenditures of these programs and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The following services and the organizations providing them include:

Shared Service Agreement	Service	
Regional Discipline Alternative Ed SSA	McKinney ISD	DAEP Services
Regional Day School for the Deaf	Plano ISD	Deaf Education Services
ESC Block Grant	ESC, Region X	Bilingual ESL Title Program Services Instruction Support Services Comp/Remedial Ed Services

N. Revenue from Local and Intermediate Sources

During the year, the District received revenue from local and intermediate in the District's major funds and aggregate non major funds consisting of the following:

		General	Debt Service			Capital Projects	Other Governmental			Totals
Property Tax Collections	\$	8,455,798	\$	4,614,356	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,070,154
Investment Income		556,751		143,806		839,232		34,314		1,574,103
Rent		5,695		-		-		-		5,695
Food Service Income		-		-		-		364,255		364,255
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		50,799		-		-		186,391		237,190
Other		25,353		-		-		8,899		34,252
Totals	\$	9,094,396	\$	4,758,162	\$	839,232	\$	593,859	\$	15,285,649

O. Receivables

Receivables at year end, for the District's individual major funds and aggregate nonmajor funds, including any applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	 General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Other Governmental			Totals		
Due from Other Governments Property Taxes Receivable Less: Allowance for Uncollectible	\$ 4,417,728 669,922	\$ 288,916 272,377	\$	-	\$	383,989	\$	5,090,633 942,299	
Property Taxes	 (33,496)	(13,619)		-		-		(47,115)	
Net Receivables	\$ 5,054,154	\$ 547,674	\$	-	\$	383,989	\$	5,985,817	

P. State Aid Reconciliation

The State provides various types of funding for local school districts as provided for in state statute. The following reconciliation presents funding earned by the District in each category presented. Because of the State's delay in reconciling the funding to local districts, the summary below represents an estimate of earnings. The settle up with the State will occur some 9 to 10 months following the fiscal year end.

Funding is earned for: 1) Available – annual allocation based on prior year enrollment; 2) Foundation – annual allocation based on student attendance, property tax collections and valuations, and special student population; 3) Instructional Facilities Allotment – based on property wealth; and 4) Existing Debt Allotment – based on eligible debt, student attendance and property wealth. Various other sources are received but not reconciled here as these are the major sources of funding.

	 Available	Foundation		IFA	١	 EDA
CY Summary of Finances (SOF) Prior Period Settle-ups	\$ \$ 836,316		14,641,253 175,406	Not Eligib		\$ 398,306 5,775
Financial Statement Earnings	\$ 836,316	\$	14,816,659	\$		\$ 404,081
Financial Statement Classifications: Scheduled Payments Receivable SOF Receivable (Overpayment) *	\$ 164,699 -	\$	4,699,397 (446,368)	\$	- -	\$ 285,114 3,802
Financial Statement Classifications	\$ 164,699	\$	4,253,029			288,916

^{*} Overpayments are reported as Uneamed Revenue in the government-wide Statements and governmental fund type financial statements.

Q. Interfund Balances and Activities

Transfers Between Funds

Transfers between funds during the year consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To	Aı	mount	Reason				
JET Grant	General Fund	\$	1.172	Exces Match Return				

R. <u>Prior Period Adjustments</u>

Previously reported right of use lease liabilities were reclassified as direct borrowings as the agreements included a set buyout at agreement end. As such, the agreements have been reclassified to financing arrangements. The beginning net position was restated and changes the beginning net position from \$33,478,788 to \$33,465,937, a decrease of \$12,851.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	YEA	R ENDED	JUNE 30, 202	4				Va	riance with	
Data									inal Budget	
Control			Budgeted	l Amou	ints			Positive		
Codes			Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)	
	REVENUES									
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	11,712,813	\$	9,291,420	\$	9,094,395	\$	(197,025)	
5800	State Program Revenues		13,671,912		16,318,305		16,900,742		582,437	
5900	Federal Program Revenues		421,000		477,047		259,458		(217,589)	
5020	Total Revenues	\$	25,805,725	\$	26,086,772	\$	26,254,595	\$	167,823	
	EXPENDITURES									
0044	Instruction and Instructional Related Services:	•	10 500 171	•	40.000.000	•	40.500.005	•	007.444	
0011	Instruction	\$	13,533,171	\$	13,860,839	\$	13,563,395	\$	297,444	
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		182,181		211,746		174,020		37,726	
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	_	382,361	_	342,761	_	301,530	_	41,231	
	Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services	\$	14,097,713	\$	14,415,346	\$	14,038,945	\$	376,401	
0004	Instructional and School Leadership:		205.040	•	504.000	•	400.040	•	00.705	
0021	Instructinal Leadership	\$	625,346	\$	581,998	\$	492,213	\$	89,785	
0023	School Leadership	_	1,293,099	_	1,271,969	_	1,211,428	_	60,541	
	Total Instructional and School Leadership	\$	1,918,445	\$	1,853,967	\$	1,703,641	\$	150,326	
	Support Services - Student:					_				
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	\$	623,571	\$	546,800	\$	499,435	\$	47,365	
0033	Health Services		314,603		372,190		332,054		40,136	
0034	Student Transportation		827,470		1,532,868		1,454,162		78,706	
0035	Food Service		40,106		106,194		82,499		23,695	
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		1,326,829		1,313,794		1,263,761		50,033	
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	\$	3,132,579	\$	3,871,846	\$	3,631,911	\$	239,935	
	Administrative Support Services:									
0041	General Administration	\$	1,132,859	\$	1,250,555	\$	1,179,406	\$	71,149	
	Total Administrative Support Services	\$	1,132,859	\$	1,250,555	\$	1,179,406	\$	71,149	
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:									
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	\$	3,483,514	\$	4,080,978	\$	3,854,182	\$	226,796	
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		669,817		834,384		747,052		87,332	
0053	Data Processing Services		533,363		592,557		521,504		71,053	
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	\$	4,686,694	\$	5,507,919	\$	5,122,738	\$	385,181	
	Ancillary Services									
0061	Community Services	\$	106,398	\$	142,920	\$	117,437	\$	25,483	
	Total Ancillary Services	\$	106,398	\$	142,920	\$	117,437	\$	25,483	
	Debt Service:									
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt	\$	411,270	\$	325,212	\$	316,931	\$	8,281	
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt	•	40,000	Ψ	81,000	•	58,680	Ψ.	22,320	
	Total Debt Service	\$	451,270	\$	406,212	\$	375,611	\$	30,601	
	Capital Outlay:									
0081	Capital Outlay	\$	191,600	\$	466,600	\$	435,109	\$	31,491	
	Total Capital Outlay	\$	191,600	\$	466,600	\$	435,109	\$	31,491	
	Intergovernmental Charges:									
0093	Payments to fiscal Agent/Member Dist. SSA	\$	500	\$	500	\$		\$	500	
0099	Education Programs	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	10,000	Ψ		Ψ	10,000	
0099	Other Intergovermental Charges		125,000		125,000		71,651		53,349	
0000	•			_		•		_		
0000	Total Intergovernmental Charges	\$	135,500	\$	135,500	\$	71,651	\$	63,849	
6030	Total Expenditures	\$	25,853,058	\$	28,050,865	\$	26,676,449	\$	1,374,416	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	(47,333)	\$	(1,964,093)	\$	(421,854)	\$	1,542,239	
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
7914	Direct Borrowings Proceeds	\$	-	\$	712,514	\$	608,309	\$	(104,205)	
7915	Transfers In	_	<u>-</u>			_	1,172		1,172	
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$		\$	712,514	\$	609,481	\$	(103,033)	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(47,333)	\$	(1,251,579)	\$	187,627	\$	1,439,206	
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)		10,861,789		10,861,789		10,861,789		_	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)	-		\$		\$	11,049,416	\$	1,439,206	
3000	i und balance - blumy (Julie 30)	-	10,814,456		9,610,210	ð	11,043,410	Þ	1,409,206	

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICTS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		2023*		2022*		2021*		2020*	2019*		
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0143900458%		0.0129139817%		0.0106334952%		0.0092667103%		0.0	0102222480%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	9,884,573	\$	7,666,699	\$	2,707,975	\$	4,963,061	\$	5,313,844	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		11,072,027		8,940,484		4,215,939		8,521,951		7,160,113	
Total	\$	20,956,600	\$	16,607,183	\$	6,923,914	\$	13,485,012	\$	12,473,957	
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$	17,168,366	\$	14,585,351	\$	13,186,134	\$	11,986,560	\$	10,411,297	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		57.57%		52.56%		20.54%		41.41%		51.04%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		73.15%		75.62%		88.79%		75.54%		75.24%	
		2018*		2017*		2016*		2015*		2014*	
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0	0085603044%	0.	0080117680%	0.	0078573216%	0.	0078567000%	0.0	0047505000%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	4,711,799	\$	2,561,732	\$	2,969,165	\$	2,777,239	\$	1,268,924	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		7,716,916		4,593,137		5,404,694		5,061,816		4,495,714	
Total	\$	12,428,715	\$	7,154,869	\$	8,373,859	\$	7,839,055	\$	5,764,638	
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$	9,648,178	\$	9,111,475	\$	8,654,127	\$	8,081,997	\$	7,911,155	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		48.84%		28.12%		34.34%		34.36%		16.04%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		73.74%		82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%	

^{*} The years above present data for the measurement period ending date. The measurement period represents the period for which the pension plan prepares its reports which provides a 10 month delay for financial reporting in accordance with GASB 68.

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		2024	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020
Contractually required contributions Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions	\$	727,730 (727,730)	\$ 726,327 (726,327)	\$ 600,537 (600,537)	\$ 453,776 (453,776)	\$ 393,771 (393,771)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_\$_		\$ 	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$
District's covered employee payroll	\$	18,100,576	\$ 16,867,188	\$ 14,585,351	\$ 13,186,134	\$ 11,986,560
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		4.02%	4.31%	4.12%	3.44%	3.29%
		2019	 2018	 2017	2016	 2015
Contractually required contributions	\$	345,350	\$ 283,474	\$ 262,579	\$ 246,856	\$ 235,403
Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions		(345,350)	 (283,474)	 (262,579)	 (246,856)	 (235,403)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered employee payroll	\$	10,782,797	\$ 9,648,178	\$ 9,111,475	\$ 8,645,127	\$ 8,081,997
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		3.20%	2.94%	2.88%	2.86%	2.91%

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICTS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		2023*		2022*		2021*		2020*
District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) State's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District	\$	0169140371% 3,744,481 4,518,292	0. \$	0158817139% 3,802,718 4,638,719	0. \$	0142094403% 5,481,216 7,343,608	0.0 \$	0129136812% 4,909,073 6,596,618
Total	\$	8,262,773	\$	8,441,437	\$	12,824,824	\$	11,505,691
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$	17,168,366	\$	14,585,351	\$	13,186,134	\$	11,986,560
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		21.81%		26.07%		41.57%		40.95%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		14.94%		11.52%		6.18%		4.99%
		2019*		2018*		2017*		
District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) State's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District	0.0 \$	0126460571% 5,980,473 7,946,714	0. \$	0112113079% 5,597,909 8,389,663	0. \$	0106712600% 4,640,531 7,133,393		
Total	\$	13,927,187	\$	13,987,572	\$	11,773,924		
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$	10,411,297	\$	9,648,178	\$	9,111,475		
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		57.44%		58.02%		50.93%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		2.66%		1.57%		0.91%		

Note: Only seven years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 75 paragraph 245. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

^{*} The years above present data for the measurement period ending date. The measurement period represents the period for which the pension plan prepares its reports which provides a 10 month delay for financial reporting in accordance with GASB 75.

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	 2024	 2023	 2022	 2021
Contractually required contributions Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions	\$ 147,220 (147,220)	\$ 144,868 (144,868)	\$ 130,110 (130,110)	\$ 111,008 (111,008)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 18,100,576	\$ 16,867,188	\$ 14,585,351	\$ 13,186,134
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	0.81%	0.86%	0.89%	0.84%
	 2020	2019	2018	
Contractually required contributions Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions	\$ 98,148 (98,148)	\$ 87,430 (87,430)	\$ 77,335 (77,335)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 11,986,560	\$ 10,782,797	\$ 9,648,178	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	0.82%	0.81%	0.80%	

Note: Only seven years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 75, paragraph 245. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

A. Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Government Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- Prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse on June 30, and encumbrances outstanding at the time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

B. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

1. Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

No actuarial assumptions and methods have been modified since the determination of the prior year net pension liability.

2. Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

C. OPEB Healthcare Plan

1. Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The single discount rate changed from 3.91% as of last year to 4.13% at August 31,2023.

2. <u>Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date</u>

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		1	2	3		10	20		30	30a		40	50		
Tax		Tax R	ates	_Assessed/Appraised	Ве	ginning	Current				E	Entire	Ending	S	ection
Roll	Last Ten Years Ended	d	Debt	Value For School	Ва	alance	Year's	- 1	Maintenance	Debt Service	Υ	'ear's	Balance	2	26.115
Year	August 31	Maintenance	Service	Tax Purposes	7/	1/2023	Total Levy	T	ax Collections	Tax Collections	Adju	ustments	6/30/2024	R	efunds
XXXX	2015 & Prior Years	Various	Various	Various	\$	106,411	\$	\$	\$ 2,331	\$ 491	\$	(19,168)	\$ 84,421	\$	-
2015	2016	1.170000	0.260000	389,821,851		14,389			908	202		(362)	12,917		-
2016	2017	1.170000	0.220000	432,112,322		16,420			1,848	348		(1,242)	12,982		-
2017	2018	1.170000	0.150000	509,844,655		24,169			5,411	694		(1,286)	16,778		-
2018	2019	1.170000	0.150000	572,740,907		32,911			18,443	2,364		10,380	22,484		-
2019	2020	1.068300	0.141125	675,268,730		48,181			30,663	4,051		14,584	28,051		-
2020	2021	1.001900	0.141100	766,458,577		66,873			41,154	5,796		21,776	41,699		-
2021	2022	0.960300	0.393000	852,949,235		123,445			75,227	30,786		49,190	66,622		-
2022	2023	0.942900	0.345753	1,070,847,150		406,287			234,004	85,807		81,358	167,834		-
2023	2024	0.757500	0.424200	1,176,928,511		-	13,907,764		8,077,578	4,523,437		(818,238)	488,511		14,297
1000	TOTALS			=	\$	839,086	\$ 13,907,764	\$	8,487,567	\$ 4,653,976	\$	(663,008)	\$ 942,299	\$	14,297

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Contro		 Budgeted	l Amour		Astron	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
Codes		Original		Final	 Actual	(l	Negative)
	REVENUES						
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 245,000	\$	373,810	\$ 403,266	\$	29,456
5800	State Program Revenues	1,500		1,500	6,093		4,593
5900	Federal Program Revenues	 975,000		975,000	 926,735		(48,265)
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 1,221,500	\$	1,350,310	\$ 1,336,094	\$	(14,216)
	EXPENDITURES						
	Current:						
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):						
0035	Food Services	\$ 1,540,090	\$	1,668,900	\$ 1,441,676	\$	227,224
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	\$ 1,540,090	\$	1,668,900	\$ 1,441,676	\$	227,224
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 1,540,090	\$	1,668,900	\$ 1,441,676	\$	227,224
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ (318,590)	\$	(318,590)	\$ (105,582)	\$	213,008
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (318,590)	\$	(318,590)	\$ (105,582)	\$	213,008
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)	711,036		711,036	711,036		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)	\$ 392,446	\$	392,446	\$ 605,454	\$	213,008

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Contro			Budgeted Original	I Amou	nts Final		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
	REVENUES								
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	4,098,111	\$	4,098,111	\$	4,758,162	\$	660,051
5800	State Program Revenues	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	404,081	Ψ	404,081
	G						<u> </u>		
5020	Total Revenues	\$	4,098,111	\$	4,098,111	\$	5,162,243	\$	1,064,132
	EXPENDITURES								
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt	\$	1,957,311	\$	3,194,561	\$	2,815,000	\$	379,561
0071	Interest on Long-term Debt	Ψ	2,138,300	Ψ	2,325,369	Ψ	2,325,369	Ψ	-
0073	Debt Issuance Costs and Fees		2,500		13,000		12,000		1,000
00.0	Total Debt Service	\$	4,098,111	\$	5,532,930	\$	5,152,369	\$	380,561
			,,,,,						,
6030	Total Expenditures	\$	4,098,111	\$	5,532,930	\$	5,152,369	\$	380,561
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(1,434,819)	\$	9,874	\$	1,444,693
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	(1,434,819)	\$	9,874	\$	1,444,693
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)		2,387,354		2,387,354		2,387,354		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)	\$	2,387,354	\$	952,535	\$	2,397,228	\$	1,444,693

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes		Response
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/ or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warranty hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments)	Yes
	Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued.	
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.	
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statues, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year-end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government- wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$ -0-

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO STATE MANDATED PROGRAM REQIREMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes		<u>R</u>	<u>esponse</u>
	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs		
<u>AP1</u>	Did your District expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?		Yes
AP2	Does the District have writen policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes
<u>AP3</u>	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$	1,951,565
<u>AP4</u>	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the District's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28, 29, 30)	\$	1,053,866
	Section B: Billingual Education Programs		
AP5	Did your District expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the District's		Yes
AP6	Does the District have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes
<u>AP7</u>	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the District's fiscal year.	\$	186,719
<u>AP8</u>	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the District's fiscal year. (PIC's 25)	\$	256,239

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

(01)	(02)	(03)	(04)		
Federal Grantor/	Federal	Pass-through	Expenditures,		
Pass Through Grantor/	ALN	Grantor's	Indirect Costs		
Program Title	Number	Number	and Refunds		
- regress rule					
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
Direct Program:					
Impact Aid	84.041	53-TX-2022-2711	\$ 19,332		
Impact Aid	84.041	53-TX-2023-2711	18,531		
Impact Aid	84.041	53-TX-2024-2711	111,652		
Total ALN 84.041			149,515		
Passed through the Texas Education Agency:					
ESSA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010a	23610101043904	807		
ESSA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010a	24610101043904	214,490		
Total ALN 84.010			215,297		
IDEA - B, Formula - B	84.027	236600010439046600	1,620		
IDEA - B, Formula - B	84.027	246600010439046600	394,207		
IDEA - B, Formula - ARP - B	84.027	225350020439045350	10,350		
IDEA - B, High Cost - B	84.027	66002206	19,494		
Total ALN 84.027			425,671		
IDEA - B, Preschool - B	84.173	246610010439046610	6,318		
Total ALN 84.173	00	2.00.00.00.00.000.000.0	6,318		
Carl Perkins - Perkins V - Strengthing CTE	84.048a	24420006043904	24,252		
Carl Perkins - Effective Advising Implementation	84.048a	234200327110006	71,607		
Carl Perkins - Effective Advising Implementation	84.048a	244200327110006	118,476		
Total ALN 84.048			214,335		
ESSA Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367a	23694501043904	1,388		
ESSA Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367a	24694501043904	59,855		
Total ALN 84.367			61,243		
ESSA Title III Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365a	23671001043904	1,019		
ESSA Title III Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365a	24671001043904	33,625		
Total ALN 84.365	01.0000	21011001010001	34,644		
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief - II - D*	84.425d	21521001043904	56,047		
TCLAS - Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief - III - D*	84.425u	21528042043904	238,961		
Total ALN 84.425	0200	2.0233.23.033.	295,008		
ESSA Title IV Part A - Student Support & Academic Achievement	84.424a	23680101043904	3,339		
ESSA Title IV Part A - Student Support & Academic Achievement	84.424a	24680101043904	9,014		
Total ALN 84.424	04.4244	24000101040304	12,353		
LEP Summer School	84.369	69552302	2,939		
Total ALN 84.369			2,939		
Total passed through the Texas Education Agency:			1,267,808		
Total Department of Education			1,417,323		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

(01)	(02)	(03)	(04)
Federal Grantor/	Federal	Dogo through	Francis diturns
		Pass-through	Expenditures,
Pass Through Grantor/	ALN	Grantor's	Indirect Costs
Program Title	Number	Number	and Refunds
U.S DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE			
Passed through Texas Comptroller:			
Federal Flood Control	12.016	043-904	16,963
Total Department of Defense			16,963
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture:			
School Breakfast Program - A*	10.553	00198	176,050
National School Lunch Program - A*	10.555	00198	679,160
Supply Chain Assistance Grant - A*	10.555	00198	47,129
Local Food for School Cooperative	10.185	00198	17,231
USDA Commodity Supplemental Food	10.565	00198	71,525
Total Department of Agriculture			991,095
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 2,425,381

^{*}Major Program

A - Child Nutrition Cluster - Total Cluster \$ 902,339

B - Special Education Cluster - Total Cluster \$ 431,989

D - Education Stablization Fund Cluster - Total Cluster - \$ 295,008

FARMERSVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal activity of the Farmersville Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which a fund liability occurs. Funds are considered earned to the extent of expenditures made.

The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The governmental fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All federal expenditures were accounted for in the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds which are governmental fund types. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Federal grants are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant.

C. Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and used. No provision has been made for amounts on hand at year end.

D. Indirect Cost

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

E. Reconciliation of Federal Revenue with Financial Statements

The District records amounts received from the federal government or other recipients of federal grant as federal revenue in the financial statements. This reconciliation identifies the difference between the financial statement revenues and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards:

Total Federal Expenditures (Exhibit K-1)	\$ 2,425,381
School Health and Resources	 68,475
Federal Revenue (Exhibit C-3)	\$ 2,493,856